

# Genome project management resources at the National Agricultural Library

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# So you have a genome project. Where will you store your data?

- Make your data available through NCBI when applicable (or other INSDC organizations).
- To make your data even more useful for your community, consider also making it available in a taxon-specific repository.
- Advantages for you:
  - Greater visibility for your dataset
  - Value-added tools for searching and browsing, analysis
  - Curation tools to improve annotation quality
  - Help with data management
  - Increasing mandate from journals and funding bodies to make research data fully accessible post-publication<sup>1, 2</sup>

<sup>1</sup><http://www.nature.com/authors/policies/data/data-availability-statements-data-citations.pdf>

<sup>2</sup><https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/the-press-office/2013/05/09/executive-order-making-open-and-machine-readable-new-default-government->

# So you have a genome project. Where will you store your data?

- Advantages for the scientific community:
  - Helps facilitate knowledge discovery for humans (and sometimes machines);
  - Easier to find data for comparative analyses;
  - Promotes reproducible research;
  - General repositories (e.g. GenBank) may not meet the needs for storing all data types, in particular for non-standard data types (e.g. phenotypic data).

# Genome data management resources for arthropods – how to choose

- What species is the data from?
  - Many taxon-specific genome databases are here at this workshop
- What kind data do you have?
  - Raw data, genome assemblies, transcriptome assemblies, gene annotations, can and should all be stored at NCBI (or other INSDC organization)
  - Some or all of these data types can also be made accessible at genome databases (just ask)
  - Generic repositories (e.g. Dryad, Ag Data Commons) can be used for data types that don't fit the mold

# The i5k Workspace@NAL



- We support any ‘orphaned’ arthropod genome project.
  - Connect researchers to the data
  - Create standardized tools for accessing the data in useful ways
  - Provide resources to facilitate manual curation projects
- Supported data types:
  - Genome assembly
  - Anything that you can map to or predict from the genome assembly
- Main requirements:
  - Genome assembly needs to be in GenBank/ENA/DDBJ
  - Data should be public (no private repositories)
  - Manual annotation only occurs at one genome database at a time

- Research plan
- Genome sequencing
- Genome assembly
- Automated annotation of genome assembly

- Manual Curation
- Official gene set (OGS) generation

- Biological insights/Publication

- Data access for the broader community
- Genome project maintenance

Genome Project Trajectory

# The i5k Workspace@NAL



Our background:

- Originally set up to support genomes sequenced as part of the i5k initiative
- I5k: International effort to prioritize insect genomes for sequencing; provide guidelines for genome sequencing and curation; and seek funding
- I5k Goal: coordinate the sequencing and assembly of 5000 insect or related arthropod genomes
- Brief introduction to i5k at the beginning of the i5k session on Thursday

Ancillary datafiles (e.g. RNA-Seq alignments)



Workspace@NAL  
<https://i5k.nal.usda.gov/>

## Services

## Manual annotation quality control

## Official gene set generation

## Non-standard data formatting

**Failure to submit all metadata (ex: sample origin; analysis methods)**

# Tutorials

## Apollo manual curation tool

# Clustal

# i5k Workspace content – 57 species and counting

Order	Quantity	Order	Quantity
Amphipoda	1	Hemiptera	7
Araneae	3	Hymenoptera	14
Blattodea	1	Lepidoptera	2
Calanoida	1	Odonata	1
Coleoptera	7	Orthoptera	1
Diplura	1	Scorpiones	1
Diptera	13	Thysanoptera	1
Ephemeroptera	1	Trichoptera	1
Harpacticoida	1		

- Many other datasets mapped to, or predicted from each genome assembly (gene predictions, transcriptomes, RNA-Seq, etc.)



# Community annotation at the i5k Workspace

- What is community annotation?
  - Scientists collectively examine and improve gene models (usually computationally predicted)
- Why annotate?
  - Verify quality of automated gene predictions
  - Improve gene models for specific analyses
  - Link gene models to existing literature and ontologies
- Our community: Over 400 registered annotators have curated over 10,000 gene models using the Apollo software

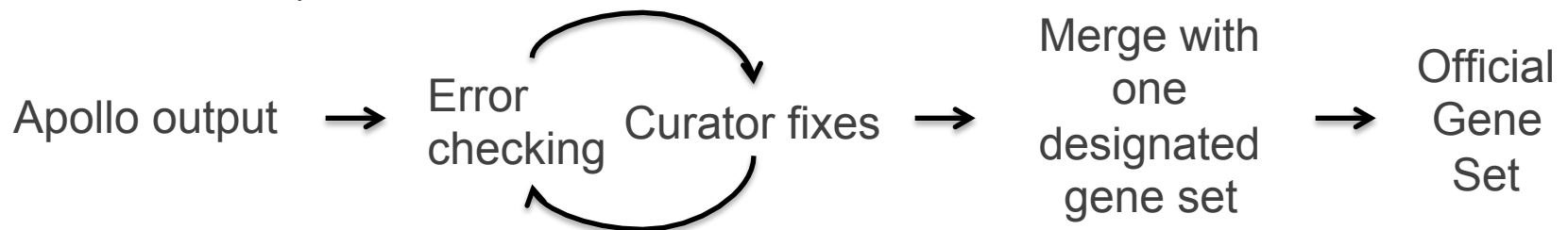
# Community annotation at the i5k Workspace

Our support for community annotation includes:

- Access to a large community of curators
- Tutorials, guidelines, webinars
- Registration mechanism for new annotators
- One-on-one support
- Software to evaluate changes between curated and original annotations (Chien-Yueh Lee, <https://github.com/chienyuehlee/gff-cmp-cat>)

# QC and OGS pipeline

- QC program corrects common formatting errors from the curation process
- OGS generation program merges curated models with one designated gene set using curator-supplied information
- Still in development, already 6 OGS's produced (Mei-Ju Chen)



# Genome already hosted elsewhere?

- You can also use our tools to query the datasets that we host.

The screenshot displays the Apollo genome browser interface. On the left, the 'BLAST Databases' panel lists organisms, with *Cimex lectularius* selected. Below it, the 'Query Sequence' section shows a detected peptide sequence. The main panel displays the 'Available Tracks' for *Cimex lectularius*, including 'Reference Assembly', 'Official Gene Set', and 'Protein Coding Genes'. The 'BLAST+ Results' track is highlighted, showing a query sequence aligned to the *C. lectularius* OGS\_v1.2 genome. The 'Apollo' header at the top right includes a 'Login' button. The bottom panel shows a table of BLAST results with columns for 'blastdb', 'qseqid', and 'sseqid'.

**BLAST Databases**

Organisms

- ☐ *Blattella germanica*
- ☐ *Cataglyphis aquilonaris*
- ☐ *Centruroides exilicauda*
- ☐ *Ceratitis capitata*
- ☒ *Cimex lectularius*
- ☐ *Copidosoma floridanum*
- ☐ *Diachasma alloeum*
- ☐ *Diaphorina citri*
- ☐ *Drosophila biarmipes*
- ☐ *Drosophila bipunctinata*
- ☐ *Drosophila elegans*
- ☐ *Drosophila eugracilis*
- ☐ *Drosophila fusciphila*

**Query Sequence**

Your sequence is detected as peptide:

FGYNFGDYVAHWLSMEKRGQVPKIFHVNW  
FRKSAEGKFMWPGYGENSRVLEWLRVNGE  
SCYVDSAIGHIPAEGALNLDGMKDQVDVK  
EIFSLPKEFWSQEVKDIRTYFESQVGADLPASI  
YQQLDELSSRVNDNL

Or load it from disk

Browse... No file selected.

**Program**

**Available Tracks**

filter by text

0. Reference Assembly 4

- ☐ Contamination
- ☐ GC Content
- ☐ Gaps in assembly
- ☒ **BLAST+ Results**

1. Official Gene Set 2

1. Protein Coding Genes 1

- ☒ *C. lectularius* OGS\_v1.2

2. Noncoding Genes 1

- ☐ *C. lectularius* OGS\_v1.2 - pseudogenes

BCM\_v0.5.3 48

1. Gene Sets 4

Primary Gene Sets:

Showing 1 to 4 of 4 entries

blastdb	qseqid	sseqid
cimlec	Clec_Bbug02212013.genome_new_ids.fa	3
cimlec	sp P20007 PCKG_DROME	59.24
cimlec	sp P20007 PCKG_DROME	54.44
cimlec	sp P20007 PCKG_DROME	45.76

**apollo** File View Help

0 2,000,000 4,000,000 6,000,000 8,000,000

Scaffold23

Scaffold23:4908671..4911310 (2.64 kb)

08,750 4,910,000 4,911,250

BLAST+ Results

sp|P20007|PCKG\_DROME

*C. lectularius* OGS\_v1.2

CLEC005058-RA

3-day-old embryo RNA-Seq, combined-XYplots

Koganemaru et al. 2013 transcriptome assembly

Contig735

Contig17820

Score = 216 bits (549), Expect(2) = 3e-108, Method: Composition

Identities = 109/184 (59%), Positives = 139/184 (76%), Gaps = 11/1

Frame = -1

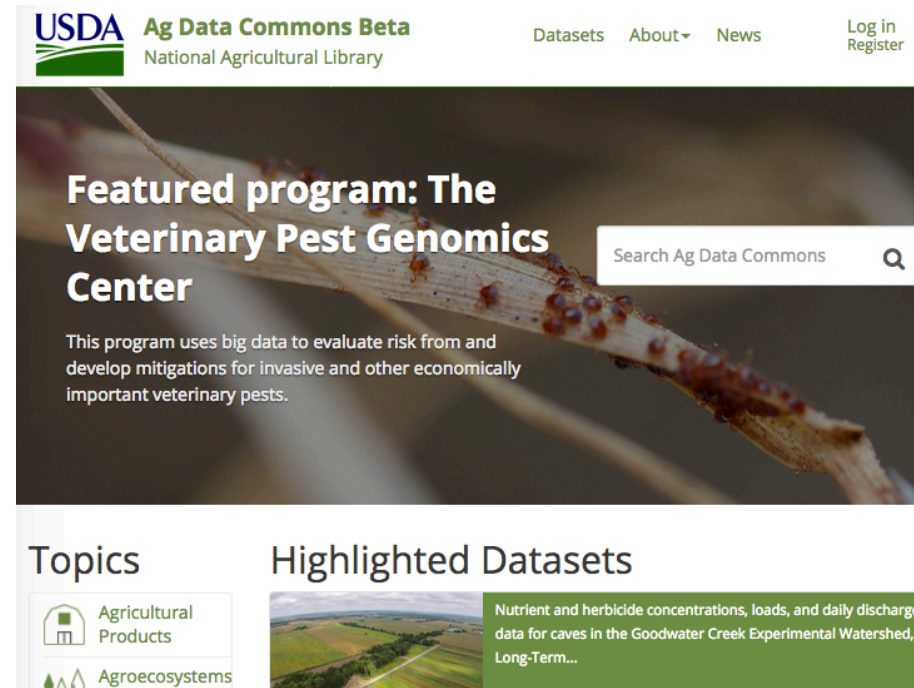
Query 76 QENKVLKSLLEAGTIVLPKYDNCW---LARTNPADVARVESRTFICTER

Sbjct 4911221 QHKNLI--FLKLDYFILLTRFNICYFSYLAKTDPDRVARVESKTFICTKK

Query 133 EGVKGTGNWISPSDMDAAVQRRFGCMKGRMYVPFSGMPGVSPLSKIC

# Other resources at the NAL: The Ag Data Commons

- Hosts any dataset funded by the USDA
- Landing page
- Citable DOI
- <https://data.nal.usda.gov/>
- Nine i5k datasets already available



# What we'll talk about tomorrow

1. Background: What is the i5k Workspace?
2. Submitting data
3. Finding data at the i5k Workspace
  1. General search/Content types
  2. Data downloads
  3. BLAST
  4. Clustal(s)
  5. HMMER
  6. Jbrowse/Apollo
4. Improving data at the i5k Workspace via community annotation
  1. See Monica Munoz-Torres' workshop for full use of Apollo

# Need more information?

i5k Workspace@NAL:

- <https://i5k.nal.usda.gov/>
- <https://github.com/NAL-i5K/>
- Poster during the Friday session

The i5k initiative:

- New website: <http://i5k.github.io/>
- Ag Data Commons:
- <https://data.nal.usda.gov/>

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- Han Lin
- Jun-Wei Lin
- Vijaya Tsavatapalli

## i5k Workspace@NAL advisory committee

- Jay Evans
- Kevin Hackett
- Simon Liu
- Ursula Pieper

- i5k Coordinating Committee
- i5k Pilot Project
- Apollo & JBrowse Development Teams
- GMOD/Tripal community
- The AgBioData consortium
- All of our users and contributors!

